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APPLICATION NO.	FILIN	NG DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/733,136	10/733,136 12/11/2003		Yiliang Wu	D/A3401	7393
25453	7590	09/05/2006		EXAMINER	
		TATION CENT	TALBOT, BRIAN K		
	RPORATIO ON AVE., SO	'N OUTH, XEROX S	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ROCHESTER, NY 14644			1762	•	
				DATE MAILED: 09/05/200	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/733,136	WU ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Brian K. Talbot	1762				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 Ju 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-25,30 and 31 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	r IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(SATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time till apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI date of this communication, even if timely filed, action is non-final. Ince except for formal matters, profix parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45 application.	S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, I. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133). may reduce any				
6) Claim(s) 1-25,30 and 31 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the consequence of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction in the consequence of the conseque	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

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1. The amendment filed 6/20/06 has been considered and entered. Claims 25-29 have been

canceled. Claims 30 and 31 have been added.

2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found

in a prior Office action.

3.

In light of the amendment filed 6/20/06, the 35 USC 112 first paragraph rejection has

been withdrawn. The 35 USC 102 rejection has also been withdrawn, however, the following 35

USC 103 rejection has been necessitated by the amendment.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the

claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various

claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any

evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out

the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later

invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c)

and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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5. Claims 1-25,30 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Griffith et al. (6,348,295) in combination with Heath et al. (6,103,868) or Murray et al. (6,262,129).

Griffith et al. (6,348,295) teaches method for manufacturing electronic elements by thinfilm forming methods. Colloidal suspension of nanoparticles that exhibit electrical
characteristics. The nanoparticles are surrounded by an insulative shell that may be removed by
therefrom by application of energy including heating while the nanoparticles are fused (abstract).
The layer may be a continuous film or a desired pattern. The size of the nanoparticles range
from 1 nm - 999 nm and may be conductive or semiconductive (col. 3, lines 10-20). The
capping groups include amines, thiols, pyridine, etc. (col. 3, lines 40-60). Griffith et al.
(6,348,295) teaches substrates as flexible plastics (col. 1, lines 43-46). Griffith et al.
(6,348,295) also teaches that the resistivity of the capping group is 10⁹ ohms/cm or more (col. 3,
lines 25-35).

Griffith et al. (6,348,295) fails to teach a stabilizer having the claimed boiling point or decomposition temperature lower than 250°C under 1 atmosphere.

Heath et al. (6,103,868) (abstract, col. 3, line 45 – col. 4, line 35 and example 2 (dodecylamine) or Murray et al. (6,262,129) (abstract, claims, and col. 6, line 5 – col. 10, line 35) both teach stabilizers for nanoparticles which have decomposition or boiling points in the claimed range. It is noted that some of the claimed stabilizers disclosed are recited in the instant application.

Therefore it would have been obvious for one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Griffith et al. (6,348,295) process by substituting one known

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stabilizer for another as evidenced by Heath et al. (6,103,868) or Murray et al. (6,262,129) with the expectation of achieving a stable solution by reducing aggregation and/or precipitation of the nanoparticle solution.

With respect to claims 8,9 and 19-23 Griffith et al. (6,348,295) is silent regarding nanoparticles being metal composites, heating temperatures of less than 250°C and the conductivity of the layer.

While the Examiner acknowledges this fact, Griffith et al. (6,348,295) does teach heating by lasers to remove the capping layer and fuse the nanoparticles to form a conductive layer. It is the Examiner's position that one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made would have had a reasonable expectation of achieving similar results regardless of the heating process utilized as long as the capping layer is decomposed and the nanoparticles are fused to form the conductive layer. Also Griffith et al. (6,348,295) teaches "moderate heating" which would be suggestive of the claimed heat temperature (col. 5, line 30-40). Regarding the nanoparticles being metal composites v. metals and the conductivity, it is the Examiner's position that this would be a design choice of one practicing in the art and depends upon the end product desired and therefore is deemed as an obvious modification of the art. Furthermore, one skilled in the art would have had a reasonable expectation of achieving similar results with either nanoparticle or conductivity desired.

Response to Amendment

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-25,30 and 31 have been considered but are most in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Applicant argued that Griffith et al. fails to teach a stabilizer having the claimed boiling point or decomposition temperature lower than 250°C under 1 atmosphere.

Heath et al. (6,103,868) or Murray et al. (6,262,129) teaches this limitation as detailed above.

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian K. Talbot whose telephone number is (571) 272-1428. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 6AM-3PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Timothy H. Meeks can be reached on (571) 272-1423. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

> Brian K Talbot **Primary Examiner**

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